

## FUNDING ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Thesis title	Reducing Releases of PAHs: A Comparative Case Study of Coal Tar Sealant Bans in the United States
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This study was performed as part of a larger research project on atmospheric surface exchanged pollutants (ASEPs) that started in 2013 and is being conducted by researchers at Michigan Technological University, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Desert Research Institute, and the University of Massachusetts Boston. ASEPs are pollutants that have three specific characteristics: they are resistant to degradation, they tend to accumulate in organic-rich surface reservoirs, and they are semi-volatile, which causes them to re-emit into the atmosphere. Three ASEPs are being studied under the project: mercury, PCBs, and PAHs. The ASEP project is multidisciplinary and evaluates the cycling, emissions, and governance of mercury, PCBs, and PAHs over time. More information on the project can be found at: <http://asep.mtu.edu/>.

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